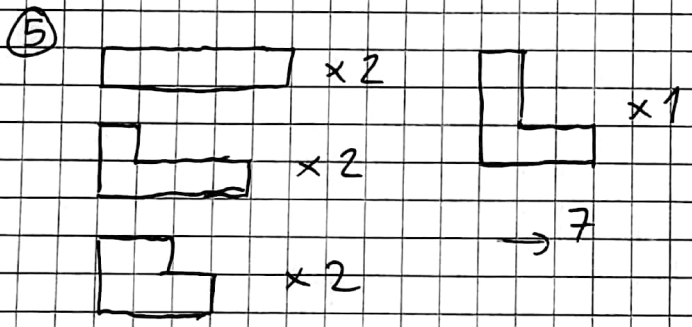


- ② $A=2$ Alice: A, F
 $B=4$
 $C=6$ Bob: B, D, E
 $D=4$
 $E=3$ Cédric: C, G
 $F=9$
 $G=5$
 $33/3 = 11 \rightarrow$ Cédric: G

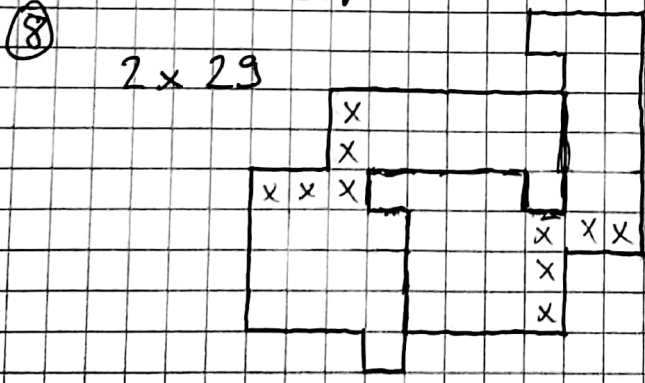
③ $5+5+5+5+4+4 = 28$

- ④ $2 \quad 1$
 $4 \quad 7 \quad 6$
 $3 \quad 5$
 $14 = 1+6+7$
 $18 = 6+7+5$
 $14 = 3+4+7$



⑥ $6+7 = 13$
 $3a \equiv 9 \pmod{10}$
 $a = 3$

- ⑦ 1 et 2 \rightarrow 2 façons symétriques
 Avec 3 \rightarrow 3 façons
 $2 \times 3 = 6$ façons



⑨ n élèves
 $\#options = 2n+2$
 $= 18+22+26 = 66$
 $n = 64/2 = 32$

- ⑩ $C > F$
 • Si $F > E$: $C > E$ imp.
 $\rightarrow F < E$
 2 + jennes que $F \in \{A, B, D\}$
 Ca menti $\rightarrow C > E > F$
 • Si $A > F$: $B, D < F < E$
 $A > E \quad B < D < F < E < \{A, C\}$
 (2 sol^o)
 • Si ~~B > F~~ $B > F$: $A, D < F < E$
 imp. (A)
 • Si $D > F$: $A, B < F < E$
 $D > E \quad A > E$ imp.
 $\rightarrow 2 sol^o$

11) $12 + 13 + \dots + 20 = 32 \times 4 + 16 = 144$

$3S = 144 + 12 + 20 + x$

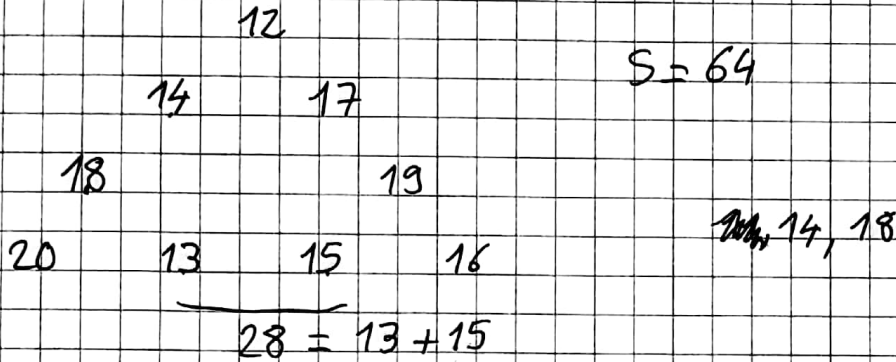
$x \equiv 1 [3] \quad x = 13 \quad S = 189 / 3 = 63$

or
16

$S = 64$

$y = 63 - 31 - 13 = 19$

$y = 64 - 31 - 16 = 17$
imp.



12) $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 15 = \frac{15 \times 16}{2} = 120 \quad S = 120 / 5 = 24$

14	6	5	13
14	9	1	1
2	15	7	1
3	11	10	1
8	4	12	1

→ 14, 7, 9

$24 - 15 = 9 = 3 + 6$ or $4 + 5$

$24 - 1 = 23 = 10 + 13$ or $11 + 12$

(3) imp (4) imp (5) imp

13) $U > 5$ donc $U = 7$ ou $8 \quad N = 1$

• $19 \times 71 = 1349 \quad \dots + 1 \cdot 7 = 1349 \quad X + F = 9$

$I + 7 = 14$ imp. ($I = 7$)

• $19 \times 81 = 1539 \quad \dots + 1 \cdot 8 = 1539 \quad X + F = 9$

$I + 8 = 13 \rightarrow I = 5 \quad 5 + 1 \cdot 8 = 1539$

$D + E + 1 = 5 \quad \{D, E\} = \{1, 3\}$ imp.

$\{D, E\} = \{0, 4\} \rightarrow D = 4, E = 0$

$45 + 108 = 1539 \quad \{X, F\} = \{2, 7\}$

→ 4082 et 4087

14) Pas de retenu

$$102^2 = 10404$$

$$201^2 = 40401$$

$$103^2 = 10609$$

$$301^2 = 90601$$

$$112^2 = 12544$$

$$211^2 = 44521$$

$$113^2 = 12769$$

$$311^2 = 96721$$

$$122^2 = 14884$$

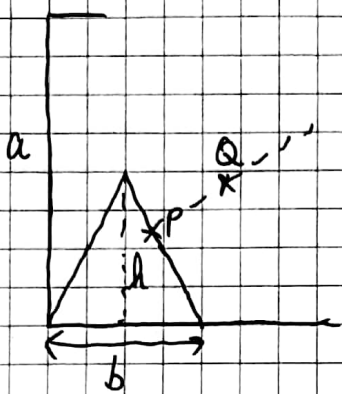
$$221^2 = 48841$$

10 sol^o?

$$15) 1s : \frac{33}{60} \text{ tour} = \frac{11}{20}$$

$$20s \rightarrow 11 \text{ tours} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{20}}$$

17



$$h = b \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$P_x = a - h = a - b \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$P_y = b - \frac{b}{2} = \frac{b}{2}$$

$$4\sqrt{3} \approx 6,928$$

$$7 - 4\sqrt{3} \approx 0,072$$

$$\times 400 = 28,8$$

$$\rightarrow 28,8$$

$$\frac{h}{b/2} = \frac{P_y}{b - P_x} \rightarrow \frac{b\sqrt{3}/2}{b(1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) - a} = \sqrt{3}$$

~~$$b\sqrt{3}/2 = b(\sqrt{3} + \frac{3}{2}) - a$$~~

~~$$a = b(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{3}{2}) - \frac{b\sqrt{3}}{2}$$~~

~~$$b = \frac{2a}{3 + \sqrt{3}}$$~~

$$b/2 = b(\sqrt{3} + \frac{3}{2}) - a\sqrt{3}$$

$$a\sqrt{3} = b(\sqrt{3} + 1) \rightarrow b = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}} a$$

$$P_x = a(1 - \frac{3}{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}) = \frac{2 + 2\sqrt{3} - 3}{2(1 + \sqrt{3})} a$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3} - 1}{2(1 + \sqrt{3})} a = \frac{(2\sqrt{3} - 1)(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{4} a = \frac{7 - 3\sqrt{3}}{4} a$$

$$P_y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2(1 + \sqrt{3})} a = \frac{3 - \sqrt{3}}{4} a$$

$$Q_x = a - P_y = \frac{4 - 3 + \sqrt{3}}{4} a = \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{4} a$$

$$Q_y = P_x = \frac{7 - 3\sqrt{3}}{4} a$$

~~$$Q_x - P_x = \frac{-6 + 4\sqrt{3}}{4} a$$~~
~~$$= \frac{-3 + 2\sqrt{3}}{2} a$$~~

$$(Q_x - P_x)^2 = \frac{9 + 12 - 12\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2 = \frac{21 - 12\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2$$

$$Q_y - P_y = \frac{4 - 2\sqrt{3}}{4} a = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2} a \rightarrow \frac{28 - 16\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2 = (7 - 4\sqrt{3})^2 a^2$$

$$(Q_y - P_y)^2 = \frac{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2$$

$$(18) a^3 + c^3 \equiv 0 \pmod{19}$$

$$0 \quad c \equiv -a \pmod{19}?$$

1

8

$$27 \equiv 8$$

$$b > c \quad b = c + 1?$$

(b < c)

1

$$20(a^3 + c^3) = 19(a^3 + b^3)$$

8

$$20 \mid a^3 + b^3 \quad a \text{ et } b \text{ même parité}$$

27

64

125

$$b \equiv -a \pmod{5} \quad b \equiv -a \pmod{4}$$

$$b \equiv -a \pmod{20}$$

$$a, b = 20 - a, c = 19 - a \text{ non}$$

$$\frac{a^3 + b^3}{a^3 + c^3} = 1 + \frac{b^3 - c^3}{a^3 + c^3} = 1 + \frac{(c+1)^3 - c^3}{(19-c)^3 + c^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{19} (19-c)^3 + c^3 = 19((c+1)^3 - c^3)$$

$$19^3 - 3 \times 19^2 c + 3 \times 19 c^2 = 19(3c^2 + 3c + 1)$$

$$19^2 - 3 \times 19 c + 3c^2 = 3c^2 + 3c + 1$$

$$60c = 19^2 - 1 = 20 \times 18 \rightarrow c = 6, a = 13, b = 7$$

$$(13, 7, 6)$$

$$(26, 14, 12)$$

$$(39, 21, 18)$$

18) suite

$$a, b = 40 - a, c = 38 - a \quad (b = c + 2)$$

$$(38 - c)^3 + c^3 = 19((c + 2)^3 - c^3)$$

$$38^3 - 3 \times 38^2 c + 3 \times 38 c^2 = 19(6c^2 + 12c + 8)$$

$$8 \times 19^2 - 12 \times 19 c + \cancel{6c^2} = \cancel{6c^2} + 12c + 8$$

$$240c = 8(19^2 - 1)$$

$$30c = 20 \times 18$$

$$c = 2 \times 6 = 12$$

$$b = 14$$

$$a = 26 \quad \text{d\u00e9j\u00e0 trouv\u00e9e.}$$

16)

$$\begin{array}{r} 4038 \\ 12114 \\ 8076 \\ 12114 \\ \hline 5342274 \end{array}$$

