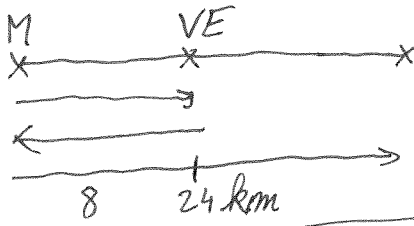


①



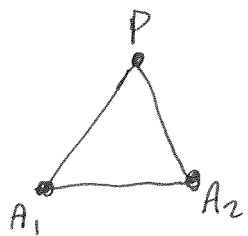
16 km

②

- 0: 1
  - 1: 2
  - 2: 4
  - 3: 8
  - 4: 16
  - 5: 32
- 6: 50
  - 7: 68
  - 8: 86
  - 9: 104
  - 10: 122

→ 121

③



$75^\circ - 30k^\circ$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $30, 60, 90$

105-230k

75	30	75	→	$3 \times 2$
75	60	45	→	$6 \times 2$
75	90	15	→	$6 \times 2$
				30

④

482

$48 * = 2^4 \cdot 3 =$

$1512 = 9 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 7 \cdot 2^3$

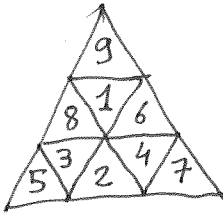
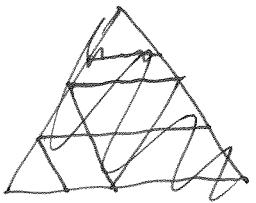
$168 = 56 \cdot 3 = 840 = 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 2^3 \cdot 3$

ABC D

$1080 = 5 \cdot 9 \cdot 24$

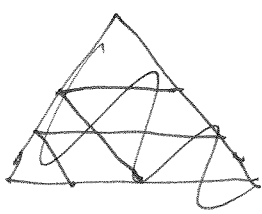
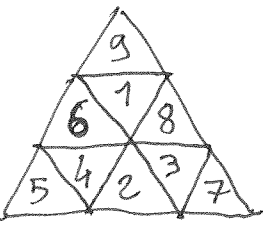
120  
24

$840 \rightarrow 2^3 \cdot 3$   
 $1080 \rightarrow 2^3 \cdot 3$   
 $1512 \rightarrow 2^3 \cdot 3$



$24 = 1 \times 3 \times 8$   
 $= 1 \times 4 \times 6$   
 $= 2 \times 3 \times 4$

→ 1, 3, 4



6 solutions

5

$$\boxed{1} \boxed{6} 2 \times \boxed{4} \boxed{3} = 6966$$

$$\begin{array}{r} + \\ \boxed{89} \boxed{82} + \boxed{1} \boxed{p} \boxed{6} = \boxed{1} \boxed{0} \boxed{8} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{2} 5 \boxed{4} \times \boxed{2} \boxed{7} = \boxed{6} \boxed{8} 5 \boxed{8}$$

6858

A = 0 or 1

$$6966 = 9 \times 774 = 2 \times 9 \times 387 = 2 \times 3^4 \times 43$$

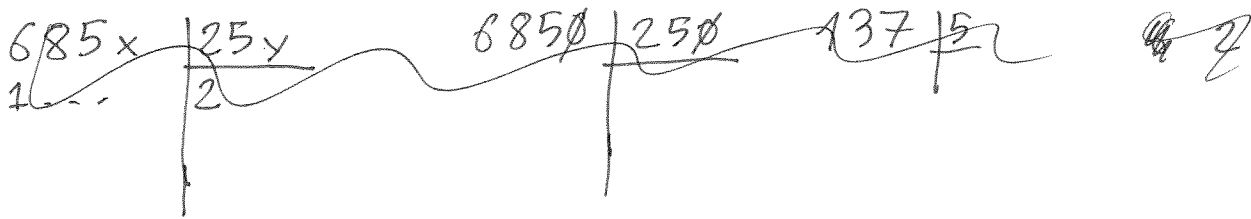
$$\square\square 2 = 2 \times \overset{81}{\downarrow} 81 - 43$$

$$2 \equiv 2 \times 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 162 \\ \times 43 \\ \hline 6966 \end{array}$$

$$n + p = q \quad n \geq 88 \quad 107 \leq q \leq 116$$

$$p = q - n \leq 116 - 88 = 28 \quad p \leq 28$$



$$6860 / 250 =$$

$$\rightarrow 675 / 25 = 135 / 5 = 27 \rightarrow 28 \text{ (max)}$$

$$6850 / 260 \quad 685 / 26$$

$$342 / 13 \rightarrow 26 \text{ (min)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6850 \mid 26 \\ 165 \mid 25 \end{array}$$

$$250 \times 26 \leq 170 \times 40 \leq 6800$$

$$250 \times 28 = 7000$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 254 \\ \times 27 \\ \hline 6858 \end{array}$$

$$6850 \mid 27 \quad \underline{6858}$$

19+8

⑥

9 - 7 - 7 - 9

19

⑦

A: -19 à 3  
B:

$a + b + c + d + e + f = 0$   
 $a + c + d + e + f = 2$  )  $\Rightarrow b = -2$

$c + d + e + f = 18 \Rightarrow a = -16$

$a + d + e + f = 3 \Rightarrow d + e + f = 19 \Rightarrow c = -1$

$e + f = 17 \Rightarrow d = 2$

~~a + b + c + d + e + f = 0~~  $a + d + f = -3 \Rightarrow f = 11$

$\Rightarrow e = 6$

$P = +2 \times -16 \times 2 \times 6 \times 11 =$

-4224

64      704  
      4224      176  
                  x 24  
                  4224

⑧

Moynour

$k(n+1) + 1 = 1993$

$n+1 \mid 1992$

$1992 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 83$

249  
83

$n+1 = 83 \times \begin{cases} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{cases}$

$n = 82, 165 \text{ ou } 248$  : 3 solutions.

9

$$x^2 \text{ —}$$

84

$$x^2 - 336 = y^2$$

$$y^2 - 336 = z^2$$

$$x^2 - y^2 = y^2 - z^2$$

↙  $\hat{m}$  parité  $\Rightarrow$  pairs.

$$\alpha^2 - \beta^2 = 336 = (\alpha - \beta)(\alpha + \beta)$$

$\alpha$  et  $\beta$ :  $\hat{m}$  parité

$$\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ 2^4 \times 3 \times 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} \text{par } 4 & 4 \end{array}$$

← pairs.

q<sub>4</sub> ~~27/21~~

$$\begin{array}{cc} 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 21 \end{array}$$

→

$$\text{non } \begin{cases} \alpha = 4.5 \\ \beta = 4.2 \end{cases} \text{ ou } \begin{cases} \alpha = 4.11 \\ \beta = 4.10 \end{cases}$$

20 et 8

44 et 40

$$400 - 64 = 336$$

$$44^2 - 40^2 = 16(11^2 - 10^2) = 16 \times 21$$

impairs:  $\alpha = 2\alpha' + 1$ ,  $\beta = 2\beta' + 1$

$$4(\alpha' - \beta')(\alpha' + \beta' + 1)$$

$$(\alpha' - \beta')(\alpha' + \beta' + 1) = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$$

4	21	→	<del>8 et 12</del> 8 et 12	→	17 et 25	}
12	7	→	2 et 9	→	5 et 19 x	
28	3	→	12 et 15	→	25 et 31	
84	1	→	41 et 42	→	83 et 85 x	

$$31 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 17$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 361 \rightarrow 625 \rightarrow 289 \\
 \underline{\quad 336} \quad \underline{\quad 336} \\
 961 \quad \quad 625
 \end{array}$$

289

10

$$a + b = ab$$

$$(a-1)(b-1) = 1$$

$$a-1 = 2^k \cdot 5^l \quad \text{avec } |k| \leq 3 \text{ et } |l| \leq 3$$

$$b-1 = 2^{-k} \cdot 5^{-l}$$

$$\frac{1}{16}$$

Si  $a-1 < a, b-1 < b$

$$a \geq 0 \Rightarrow a-1 \geq -1$$

$$b-1 \geq -1$$

$$(0; 0), (k; l) \rightarrow \boxed{50}$$
  
$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$
  
$$7 \quad 7$$

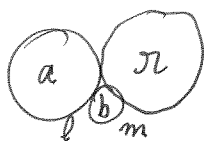
12 11

~~a, b~~



$$3 \leq n \leq 100$$

ab carré  
an "  
bn "



$$a \wedge n = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} (a+b)^2 = l^2 + (a-b)^2 \\ (b+n)^2 = m^2 + (n-b)^2 \\ (a+n)^2 = (m+l)^2 + (n-a)^2 \end{cases}$$

$$b = \frac{an(a+n) \pm 2an\sqrt{an}}{(n-a)^2}$$

$$l^2 = 4ab$$

$$m^2 = 4bn$$

$$(m+l)^2 = 4an = 4ab + 4bn + 2ml$$

$$4an - 16(an - ab - bn)^2 = 4 \times 16 ab^2 n$$

$$(an - ab - bn)^2 = 4ab^2 n \rightarrow an : \text{ carré pf.}$$

$$a^2 n^2 + (a+n)^2 b^2 - 2an(a+n)b = 4anb^2$$

$$(n-a)^2 b^2 - 2an(a+n)b + a^2 n^2 = 0$$

$$\Delta' = a^2 n^2 (a+n)^2 - a^2 n^2 (n-a)^2 = 4a^3 n^3$$

(11)

$$(a-b)^2 x^2 - 2(a-b)abx + a^2b^2 = 4ab^2x$$

$$(a-b)^2 x^2 - 2(a+b)abx + a^2b^2 = 0$$

$$\Delta' = a^2b^2(a+b)^2 - a^2b^2(a-b)^2 = 4a^2b^2ab = 4a^3b^3$$

$$x = \frac{(a+b)ab \pm 2ab\sqrt{ab}}{(a-b)^2} = \frac{ab}{(a-b)^2} [a+b \pm 2\sqrt{ab}]$$

$$b=1, a=k^2 \quad \frac{k^2}{(k^2-1)^2} [k^2+1 \pm 2k]$$

$$a+b=k \quad \sqrt{ab}=l \quad 2l \leq k$$

$$\frac{l^2}{k^2-4l^2} [k \pm 2l] = \frac{l^2(k \pm 2l)}{(k-2l)(k+2l)} = \frac{l^2}{k \pm 2l} = x$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{k|l} \quad a^2+b^2|ab \quad k \pm 2l | l^2$$

$$\frac{l^2}{k \pm 2l} \geq l \quad kl \pm 2l^2 \leq l^2$$

$$\frac{l^2}{k+2l} \geq l \Rightarrow l^2 \geq kl + 2l^2 \Rightarrow \text{contr.}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{l^2}{k-2l}}$$
  
$$\boxed{2l \leq k \leq 3l}$$

$$\frac{l^2}{k-2l} \geq l \Rightarrow kl \leq 3l^2 \quad k \leq 3l$$

$$l^2 \leq 100(k-2l)$$

$$\frac{l^2}{k-2l} \geq \frac{k}{2}$$

$$l^2 \geq \frac{k^2}{2} - kl$$

$$k^2 \leq 2l(k+l)$$

$$\frac{k}{l} \leq 2\left(1 + \frac{l}{k}\right)$$

(11)

$$ab = l^2$$

$$a + b = k$$

$$x^2 - kx + l^2 = 0$$

$$\Delta = k^2 - 4l^2 \text{ carré.}$$

$$k \wedge l = 1$$

$$l=2 \quad k=5: \quad 4, 1, \cancel{4}$$

$$l=3 \quad k=10$$

$$l=4 \quad k=10 \quad n = \frac{16}{2} = 8 \quad (a=8)$$

$$l=5 \quad /$$

$$l=6: \quad ab = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \quad b=4, a=9, k=13$$

$$n = 36/1 = 36$$

$$4, 9, \boxed{36} \quad n = ab$$

$$\frac{l^2}{k-2l} = l^2$$

$$\boxed{36}$$

$$k - 2l = 1$$

$$a + b - 2\sqrt{ab} = 1$$

$$4ab = (a+b-1)^2$$

$\square$

$$a^2 + b^2 - 2ab - 2a - 2b + 1 = 0$$

$$n^2 + p^2 - 2np = 1$$

$$\Delta = n^2 - (n^2 - 1) = 1$$

$$(n-p)^2 = 1$$